

Consumer Confidence Report 2023 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Metaline Falls

We are pleased to present to you the 2023 Consumer Confidence Report for the Metaline Falls Drinking Water System. The purpose of this report is to provide you with water sample results and other water quality information.

Pend Oreille County PUD #1 routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, persons with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. The Metaline Falls Water System source is surface water.

Contaminants that may be present in source water before we treat it include:

- <u>Microbial contaminants</u>, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- <u>Inorganic contaminants</u>, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- <u>Pesticides and herbicides</u>, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses.
- Radioactive contaminants, which are naturally occurring.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products
 of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can, also, come from gas stations, urban storm water
 runoff, and septic systems.

WATER QUALITY DATA:

The following table lists drinking water contaminants that we tested for during the 2023 calendar year. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 through December 31, 2023. The state requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, is more than one year old.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health.
- **SRL**: Minimum reporting level for Washington (Department of Health)
- **ND:** Not detectable at testing limit
- **pCi/l:** picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)
- ppb: Parts per billion or micrograms per liter
- ppm: Parts per million or milligrams per liter
- **Nephelometrick Turbidity Units (NTU)**: A means of measuring turbidity by passing light through it. The higher number, the higher the cloudiness.
- AL: (Federal Action Level) EPA maximum contaminant level. If exceeded, call Dept. of Health.
- **MFL**: Million fiber per liter

Inorganic							
Contaminants	Results	SRL	Units	MCL	Source		
					Corrosion of household plumbing		
Lead 2023	ND	0.002	mg/l	.015	systems, erosion of natural deposits		
					Corrosion of household plumbing		
Copper 2023	.0297	0.2	mg/l	1.3	systems, erosion of natural deposits		
Radionuclides							
Radium 228 2021	1.45		pCi/L	5	Erosion of natural deposits		
TTHM 2023 Total	6.85		ug/l	80	By-product of drinking water		
Trihalomethanes					chlorination		
HAA 2023	9.21		ug/l	60	By-product of drinking water		
Haloacectic Acids					disinfection		
Total)							

Lead – Infants and children who drink water containing lead in excess of the action level could experience delays in their physical or mental development. Children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning abilities. Adults who drink this water over many years could develop kidney problems or high blood pressure.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Pend Oreille County PUD #1 is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water testing. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Copper – Copper is an essential nutrient, but some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over a relatively short amount of time could experience gastrointestinal distress. Some people who

drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over many years could suffer liver or kidney damage. People with Wilson's Disease should consult their personal physician.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Rusty Gill, at (509) 447-9327. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month at 10:00 a.m.

Your representative for the Citizens Water Committee is The Town Of Metaline Falls City Council.

Here is your Water Use Efficiency information for 2023:

	Customers	Gallons Produced	Gallons Sold	Unaccounted for water
River Bend	82	2,949,130	2,925,180	.8%
Sunvale Acres	67	2,713,315	2,703,508	.4%
Sandy Shores	73	4,516,600	4,521,118	1%
Metaline Falls	197	29,775,960	22,544,422	24.3%
Riverview Shores	59	2,316,908	2,280,098	1.6%